# INSTALLATION GUIDE and QUICK START



### EU Declaration of Conformity (DoC)

According to Directive 2014/53/UE RED



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Declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

ET10000X, ET8000X/10, ET7000X/10, ET5000X/10, ET4000X/10, ET3500X/10, ET3500X/10, ET2500X/10, ET2000X/10, ET1500X/10, ET1000X/10

E10000X, E8000X/10, E7000X/10, E5000X/10, E4000X/10, E3500X/10, E3000X/10, E2500X/10, E2000X/10, E1500X/10, E1000X/10

With intended purpose:

VHF FM broadcast transmitters and amplifiers (frequency range 87.5 – 108MHz)

And manufactured by:

ELENOS s.r.l.

Is in conformity with the relevant union harmonisation legislation:

Directive 2014/53

(Conformity assessment Annex III, module B EU-type examination)

The following standards and technical specifications have been applied:

EN 60215:1989 + A1:1992 + A2:1994 Safety requirements for radio transmitting equipment

DRAFT ETSI EN 301 489-53 V1.1.0 (2017-03) Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and

DRAFT ETSI EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0 (2017-03) Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and

ETSI EN 302 018-2 V2.1.1 (2017-04) Transmitting equipment for the Frequency Modulated (FM) sound broadcasting

Supplementary information:

According to the Directive 2014/53/EU, the Notified Body NEMKO S.p.A. (2051) performed the assessment of the technical Documentation and Issued the EU Type Examination Certificate n. 2051-RED-18....

Place and Date: Ferrara June 08, 2018

Responsible person: Leonardo Busi (Amministratore unico)

e-mail: leonardobusi@elenos.com

Signature:

### **Exposure** evaluation

Exposure assessment requires the identification of electric field values in places where the presence of people may occur.

The field values must refer to the type of stay and the exposed subjects, according to the provisions of current legislation.

The identification of the electric field values can be carried out in various ways, depending on the need for precision and the fact that one intends to perform a prediction, or a subsequent verification.

We intend to provide below elements that may be useful in the evaluation and measurements of electromagnetic fields, with particular reference to sound and television broadcasting systems.

## Calculation in free space

A first approximate evaluation can be made by placing the following hypotheses:

- source located in far field
- absence of obstacles

The first hypothesis (i) must be previously verified by applying the equation:

$$1. d \ge \frac{D^2}{\lambda}$$

where "d" represents the distance between source and evaluation point, "D" the physical dimension of the source and " $\lambda$ " the wavelength of the field.

Under these hypotheses, the electric field at distance "d" from the source is:

$$E = \sqrt{P_r \, \eta} = \sqrt{\frac{P_t}{4\pi d^2} \, \eta}$$

where "Pt" is the power transmitted (ERP) in the direction of the evaluation point.

Introducing the polarization of the electric field, impressed by the particular type of antenna used in transmission, the relation 2 must be applied to the three components Ex, Ey, Ez of the field; the expression of the total electric field becomes:

3. 
$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

In the specific case of broadcasting plants for sound and television broadcasting, the following recurrent characteristics can be found:

- a. the source is not isotropic, so the ERP should be calculated in the direction of the evaluation point
- in the case in which the worst case of exposure is concerned, it can be applied the expression 2 in which the maximum transmitted ERP power is considered, regardless of the direction, ignoring the radiation characteristics of the antenna system in the horizontal and vertical plane
- c. the polarization of the field is almost always vertical in the case of systems for sound broadcasting, while it can be vertical, horizontal or mixed in the case of television broadcasting. In all cases, the decomposition of the power transmitted in the various polarization components and the subsequent recombination by means of formula 3 allows, firstly, to disregard the polarization of the field and to directly apply the expression 2
- in the case of multiple sources, the total expression of the field must provide for the individual contributions of all sources

4. 
$$E_{totN} = \sqrt{E_{tot1}^2 + E_{tot2}^2 + \dots + E_{toti}^2 + \dots + E_{totn}^2}$$

The following table gives an indication of the first approximation of the field value as a function of the power (in W) transmitted by the source and distance (in meters); the values shown (all in V/m) represent the worst case.

# Electric field values (V/m) as a function of power (W) and distancé.

Power transmitted by the source (ERP) in Watts	Distance from the source of the evaluation point								
	30m 98.4ft	50m 164ft	100m 328ft	300m 984ft	500m 1,640ft	1,000m 3,280ft	3,000m 9,840ft 1.864mi	5,000m 16,400tf 3.107mi	10,000m 32,800ft 6.214mi
1	0.18	0.11	0.05	0.02	0.01				
30	1.00	0.60	0.30	0.10	0.06	0.03			
50	1.29	0.77	0.39	0.13	0.08	0.04	0.01		
100	1.82	1.09	0.55	0.18	0.11	0.05	0.02	0.01	
300	3.16	1.90	0.95	0.32	0.19	0.09	0.03	0.02	0.01
500	4.08	2.45	1.22	0.41	0.24	0.12	0.04	0.02	0.01
1,000 (1k)	5.77	3.46	1.73	0.58	0.35	0.17	0.06	0.03	0.02
3,000 (3k)	10.00	6.00	3.00	1.00	0.60	0.30	0.10	0.06	0.03
5,000 (5k)	12.91	7.74	3.87	1.29	0.77	0.39	0.13	0.08	0.04
10,000 (10k)	18.25	10.95	5.48	1.82	1.09	0.55	0.18	0.11	0.05
30,000 (30k)	31.62	18.97	9.49	3.16	1.90	0.95	0.32	0.19	0.09
50,000 (50k)	40.82	24.49	12.25	4.08	2.45	1.22	0.41	0.24	0.12
100,000 (100k)	57.73	34.64	17.32	5.77	3.46	1.73	0.58	0.34	0.17
300,000 (300k)	100.00	60.00	30.00	10.00	6.00	3.00	1.00	0.60	0.30
500,000 (500k)	129.10	77.46	38.73	12.91	7.74	3.87	1.29	0.77	0.39
1,000,000 (1M)	182.57	109.54	54.77	18.26	10.95	5.48	1.82	1.09	0.55

Note: field values above 6V/m are highlighted in yellow; those ones that exceed 20V/m are highlighted in red.

Limitations of use

Unpacking and

Positioning

**Protections** 

Mains Connection

Contacts

http://www.elenos.com/product-registration/

We kindly remember you to always register your product on:

(ENG) http://www.elenos.com/elenos-rma/ and to always communicate the device's S/N (available on the identification label).

For further informations and assistance please contact the technical assistance service

INTENDED USE: Only professional, telecommunication sites.

USER: Only qualified personnel.

Needed (see national regulations for installation, requirements LICENSE:

use and compatibility with environment and population.

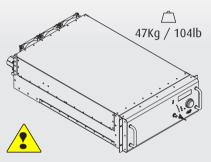
For transport, use only original packaging).

CURRENT CONSUMPTION: Up to 24A per phase! See national regulation for

minimum wires section. Recommended: not less

than 4sqmm / 11AWG.

Handle with care, wearing individual equipment for safety against any injury due to the weight and dimensions of the product.

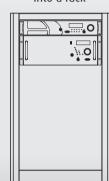


E-mail: info@elenos.com

Internet web site: www.elenos.com

To extracting the equipment from the packaging and placing it into a rack (or any other housing) two people are recommended.

Installing the Tx into a rack



Be sure that there is enough free space in the rack and the ventilation system is able to ecxtract exhausted air up to 1000cm/h (35,315cft/h). Verify that rack and brackets can bear the weight of the equip-

Place the equipment and connect them according to the instructions, then attach the power cord to the mains and proceed to setting as shown in the following steps.

Installing the Tx without a rack



The transmitter can also operate without a standard rack.

In this case it is extremely important to make the electrical connections in compliance with the current regulations to prevent any risk of shock.

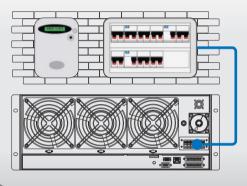
Make sure that the air grids can not be obstructed.

WARNING

After installation, perform all the checks and settings listed below.

Maintenance as prescribed in the equipment specifications.

An extracting air flow of at least 1000cm/h (35,315cft/h) is always required.



Electrical panel features

Dimensioning of

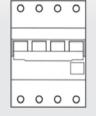
breakers

The apparatus is not provided of electrical breaker neither overload protection.

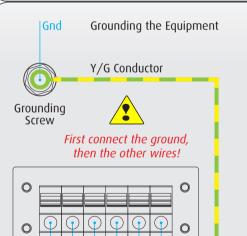
All the devices needed for the electrical safety of the apparatus and for the electrical disconnections from the mains have to be present in the electrical mains network to which the apparatus is connected.

For the sizing of the devices, the laws and regulations in force has to be taken in account and the maximum absorptions declared in the proper sections of the thecnical documentation of the apparatus.

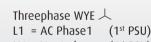
A fast response type of the protection devices is recommended (\*).



(\*) Example: C-curve breakers



L2 N2 L3 N3



N1 = Neutral (1st PSU) L2 = AC Phase2 (2<sup>nd</sup> PSU) N2 = Neutral (2<sup>nd</sup> PSU)

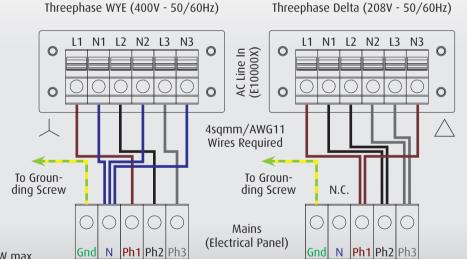
(3rd PSU) L3 = AC Phase2 (3rd PSU) N3 = Neutral

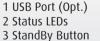
Threephase Delta  $\triangle$ L1 = AC Phase1 (1st PSU)

N1 = AC Phase2 (1st PSU) (2<sup>nd</sup> PSU) L2 = AC Phase2 N2 = AC Phase3 (2<sup>nd</sup> PSU) L3 = AC Phase3 (3rd PSU) N3 = AC Phase1

Power Consumption: 14kW typ. - 15kW max

(3rd PSU)

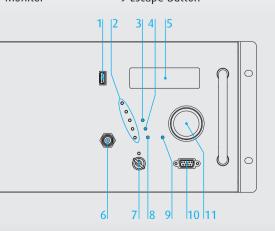




4 OnAir Button

To ground

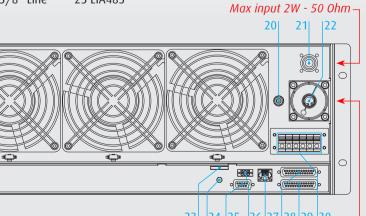
- 5 Graphic Display 6 RF Monitor
- 7 Local/Remote Switchkey
- 8 Life Extender Button
- 9 Escape Button



20 Grounding Screw 21 RF In N connector 22 RF Out 1+5/8" Line 23 Modem Card (Opt.)

24 Modem SMA Ant. (Opt.)

25 EIA485



**REAR PANEL** 

26 Interlock 27 Ethernet Port 28 TC/TS

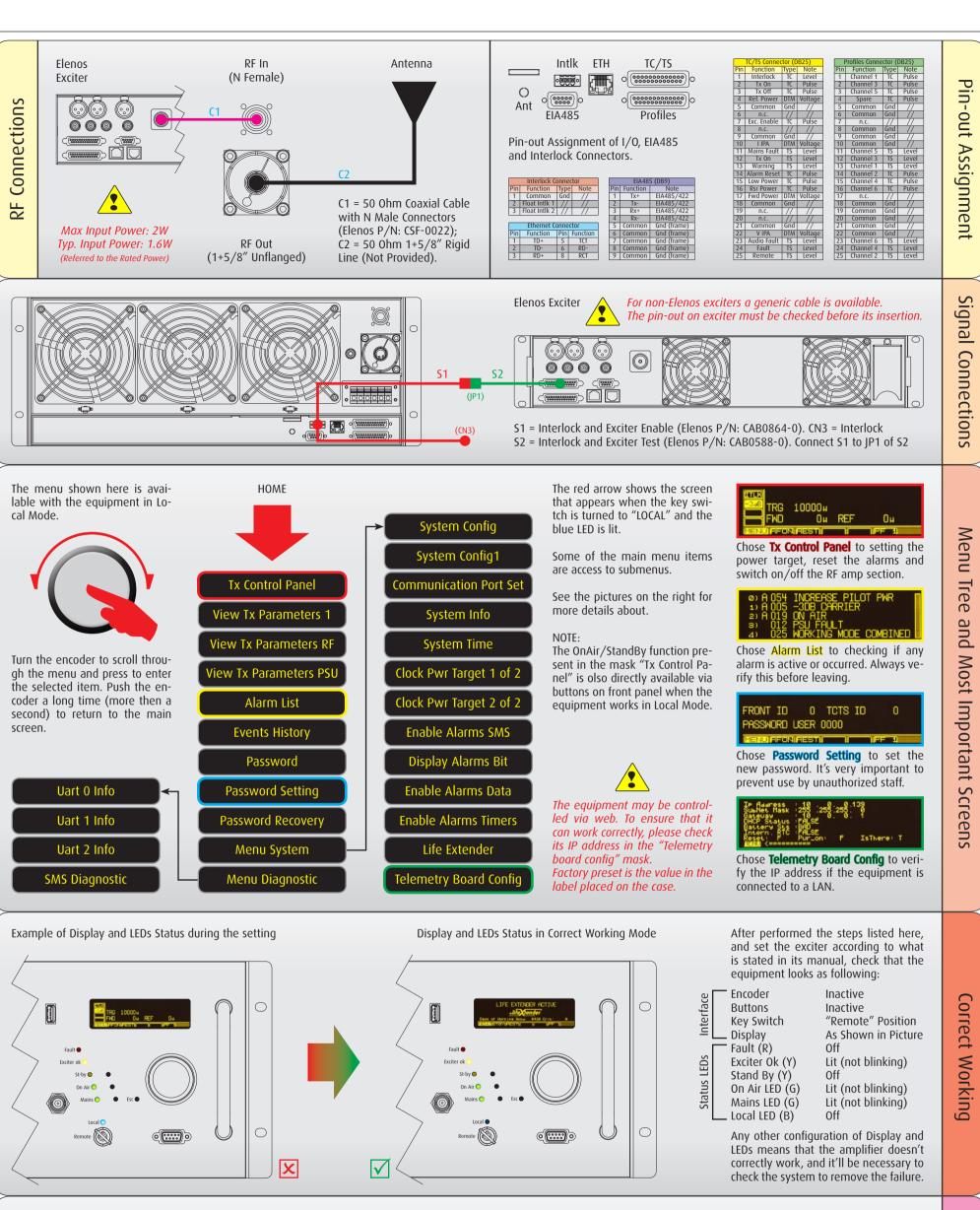
29 Profiles 30 AC Line Input Max output 10kW - 50 Ohm -

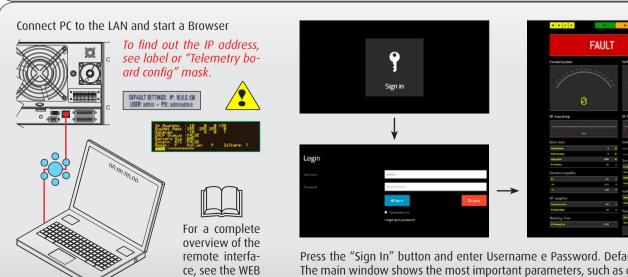
Overview

10 EIA485/Telemetry 11 Encoder/Selector

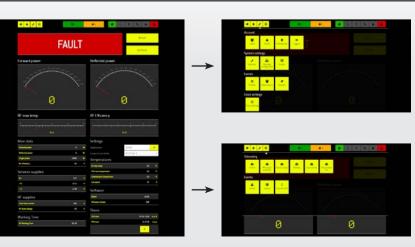
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FRONT PANEL





GUI manual.



Remote Control (WEB)

Press the "Sign In" button and enter Username e Password. Default are: Username = "admin" and Password = "adminadmin". The main window shows the most important parameters, such as direct and reflected power, temperatures, efficiency, current and so on. The most common operation are available with "Settings" and "Menu" buttons (see last two pictures).